Design Statement – Food Premises NSW

Pursuant to the provisions of Part 4A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 section 80a (11) and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 clause 98, 145, 130 (CDC) Compliance with Building Code of Australia

Pursuant to the provisions of Clause A2.2 of the Building Code of Australia, Volume 1.

1) Accordingly, it is specified that for the proposed works at the above premises:

   (a) Detailed plans of the kitchen, bar and food preparation and storage areas must be prepared by a suitably qualified person and certified in accordance with Standard 3.2.3 of the Australian and New Zealand Food Standards Code under the Food Act 2003 and AS 4674 - Design, Construction and Fitout of Food Premises and must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

   (b) The construction, fitout and finishes of the food premises must comply with Standard 3.2.3 of the Australian and New Zealand Food Standards Code under the Food Act 2003 and AS 4674 - Design, Construction and Fitout of Food Premises.

   (c) Provision must be made for the installation of adequate mechanical exhaust for any future premises where food is to be prepared.

   (d) The cooking appliances require an approved air handling system designed in accordance with AS1668.1-1998 and AS1668.2-1991 or alternative solution satisfying the performance objectives of the Building Code of Australia. No approval is granted for the burning of wood fired fuel.

   (e) Cooking must not commence until an air handling system, in accordance with the BCA is installed and operational.

   (f) The floor of the food premises must be finished in an approved non absorbent material, evenly laid, or graded and drained to a trapped floor waste.

   (g) The floor must be coved at the intersection with the walls.

   (h) The walls of the food preparation area must be of solid construction and finished with glazed ceramic tiles or other rigid, smooth-faced impervious material.
(i) Ceilings within the food preparation and storage areas must be free of gaps and open joints and must be finished with an impervious sealed material. Drop in panels are not permitted in food preparation areas, food storage areas or areas where open food is displayed or served.

(j) Hand wash basin/s, with hot and cold running water mixed through a common spout, hand wash soap and hand drying facilities must be provided in all food preparation bar areas, and toilets used by food handlers and must be no further than 5m travel distance from a place where a food handler is handling food. All taps to hand wash basins must be hands free. (For example: sensor taps, knee operated taps or foot pedal taps). Liquid soap and paper towel dispensers or other hand drying facilities must be located next to and in close proximity the hand wash basin.

(k) A double bowl sink or two compartment tub (the capacity of which must be capable of fitting all food contact equipment) must be provided in the food preparation area, in addition to the hand basin,

OR

a single bowl sink and a dishwasher must be provided in the food preparation or designated area, (where all the food contact equipment will fit in the dishwasher) in addition to the hand basin.

(l) A separate and dedicated food preparation sink is to be provided within the food premises where foods are prepared by immersion in water.

(m) A cleaners’ sink for the purpose of cleaning floor mops and other cleaning equipment must be provided within the premises, preferably in the garbage room or separate from the food preparation and storage area.

(n) The appliances used to store potentially hazardous food must have a capacity to keep food hotter than 60°C or colder than 5°C and be provided with a thermometer, accurate to 1°C and which can be easily read from outside the appliance.

(o) All food is to be transported, stored and displayed in a manner that protects the food from likely contamination in accordance with the provisions of Standard 3.2.2 of the Food Standards Code under the Food Act 2003.

(p) All unpackaged ready to eat food for self service must be provided and maintained with protective barriers and have separate serving utensils, in accordance with Standard 3.2.2 of the Food Standards Code under the Food Act 2003.

(q) The sanitary facilities must be separated from all food handling areas via an airlock, self-closing door or mechanical ventilation in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code of Australia, Part F 3.1, 4.8 and 4.9.

(r) Clothing lockers or change rooms for male and female staff must be provided in the premises in a separate location to the food handling and storage areas.
(s) To ensure the adequate storage and collection of waste from the occupation or the use of the food premises, all garbage and recyclable materials emanating from the premises must be stored in a designated waste storage area. The waste storage area must be designed and constructed in accordance with AS 4674 – Design, Construction and Fitout of Food Premises, and must be:

(i) Provided with a hose tap connected to the water supply;
(ii) Paved with impervious floor materials;
(iii) Coved at the intersection of the floor and walls;
(iv) Graded and drained to a waste disposal system in accordance with the relevant regulatory authority (Sydney Water);
(v) Adequately ventilated (mechanically or naturally) so that odour emissions do not cause offensive odour as defined by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997;
(vi) Fitted with appropriate interventions to meet fire safety standards in accordance with the Building Code of Australia. Detailed plans and specifications for the construction of the waste storage area are to be submitted to the Certifying Authority with the Construction Certificate.

(t) Cool room(s), refrigerated chambers and strong-rooms are to be constructed in accordance with G 1.2 of the Building Code of Australia.

(i) The floor of the coolroom must be graded to the door and a floor trapped waste outlet must be located outside the coolroom as near as possible to the door opening.
(ii) All proposed shelving in the coolroom must be free-standing, constructed of galvanised steel angle section or other approved material with the lowest shelf at least 150mm clear of the floor.
(iii) The floor of the coolroom must be constructed of impermeable concrete or coated, topped or otherwise finished with an impervious material to a smooth even surface and coved at the intersections with the walls to a minimum radius of 25mm.
(iv) A door which can be opened at all times from inside without a key.
(v) An approved audible alarm device must be located outside the coolroom(s) but controllable only from within the coolroom(s) and be able to achieve a sound pressure level outside the chamber or coolroom(s) of 90 d B (A) when measured 3 metres from the sounding device.

(u) All service pipes, electrical conduits, refrigeration condensate pipes and the like must be chased into walls and floors or at least 25mm off the wall.

(v) All openings in walls, floors and ceilings, through which service pipes pass, must be vermin proof.

(w) Where fittings are butt joined together they must be sealed to eliminate any cavities or crevices. Alternatively, a clear space of at least 75mm is to be provided between fittings.

(x) The following requirements apply to clearances and supports of equipment:

(i) All stoves, refrigerators, cupboards and similar fittings must have metal legs made of non corrosive metal or moulded plastic at a minimum height of 150mm above the floor. If placed flush on solid plinths the solid plinth is to be a minimum of 75 mm high.
(ii) All shelving must be fixed 25mm clear of the walls on solid metal brackets.

(y) The following requirements apply to food conveyors:
(i) The area (well) at the bottom of the food lift must be designed to allow access for cleaning.
(ii) The outside wall surface of the lift shaft must be finished to match the surrounding wall surface and coved to a minimum radius of 25 mm at the intersection with the floor.
(iii) The internal surfaces of the food lift must be a smooth cement finish and coved at all angles.

(z) A grease trap (if required by Sydney Water) must not be installed in any kitchen, food preparation or food storage area. The grease trap room must have a piped connection to the boundary so that it can be emptied. Note: Sydney Water Authority also have requirements for grease arrestors that you need to comply with.

Note: Copies of AS 4674-2004 may be obtained from the Standards Australia Customer Service on telephone 1300 65 46 46 or by visiting the website www.standards.com.au. Copies of the Food Standards Code (Australia) may be obtained by contacting the Food Standards Australia and New Zealand Authority on telephone (02) 6271 2222, email info@foodstandards.gov.au or by visiting the website www.foodstandards.gov.au.

inspection must be arranged with Council at least 48 hours prior to the applicants’ suggested appointment time.

FOOD PREMISES DATA BASE

Prior to an Occupation Certificate being issued, Council’s Environmental Health Unit must be notified that the premises is being used for the preparation, manufacture or storage of food for sale so that the premises can be registered on Council’s food premises database.

NOTIFY NSW FOOD AUTHORITY

Prior to the commencement of food handling operations, the food business must notify the NSW Food Authority of the following information including:

(a) Contact details for the food business, including the name and address of the business and the proprietor of the business.

(b) The nature of the food business.

(c) The location of any other food premises associated with the food business, within the jurisdiction of NSW Health.

You may notify the NSW Food Authority via the Internet on

www.foodnotify.nsw.gov.au

or by contacting the Council for a notification form. Failure to notify the NSW Food Authority may result in a penalty not exceeding $2,750.

EMISSIONS
(a) The use of the premises must not give rise to the emission of gases, vapours, dusts or other impurities which are a nuisance, injurious or prejudicial to health.

(b) Gaseous emissions from the development must comply with the requirements of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997 and Regulations. Uses that produce airborne particulate matter must incorporate a dust collection system.

CONTINUED PERFORMANCE OF MECHANICAL VENTILATION

The required operation and performance of any mechanical ventilation, air pressurisation or other smoke control system must not be impaired by the proposed partitioning layout.

Applicants Details:  .........................................................Company........................................

Address:  ........................................................................................................................................

Phone numbers:........................................ Signature........................................

FINAL INSPECTION (FOOD PREMISES)

A final site inspection relating to the works carried out on the premises must be arranged by the applicant and must be undertaken by Council. The time for the

SECTION J

Accordingly to Table J6.2 Maximum Illumination Power Density, the: - Restaurant, Cafe, bar, hotel lounge and a space for the serving and consumption of food or drinks is 20W/m2; - Kitchen and food preparation areas is 8W/m2.